

Geology: Glacier Basics

ANSWER KEY

Exercise: 1

Instructions: Glaciers are structures that can be extremely powerful. Glaciation has dramatically changed some landscapes by scraping and carrying debris for many miles. Traces of glacial erosion and deposition can be found in many areas of Idaho. This activity will help you understand this powerful geological phenomenon.

1. A glacier is a giant piece of
Land ice that moves under its own weight.
2. A glacier forms when piles up year after year without melting.
Snow
3. A glacial valley is formed when
A glacier scoops out debris from a valley and widens it.
4. A glacial valley is shaped like a giant letterA while a river valley is shaped like a giant letterB
A. Glacial valley is shaped like a "U"
B. River valley is shaped like a "V".
5 glaciation is when an ice sheet covers a large part of a continent.
Continental
6. A is a body of rubble deposited by a glacier.
Moraine
7. The ice sheet near Sandpoint must have been at least feet thick.
4,500
8. A glacial is a steep-sided, rounded, bowl-shaped feature carved into a mountain at the head of a glacial valley.
Cirque